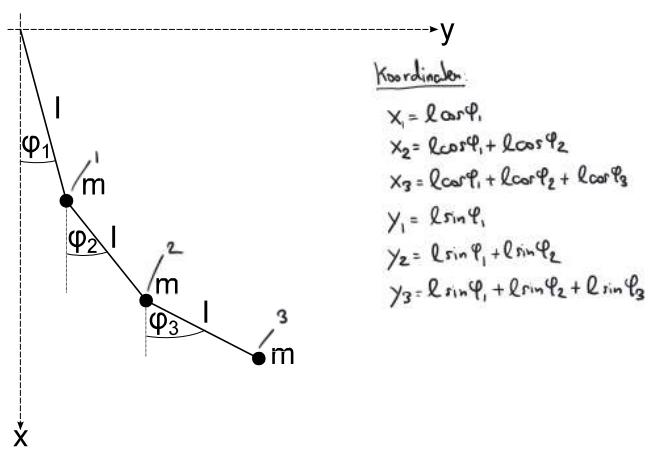


2.22 Beispiel L22

Gegeben sei das ebene Tripelpendel laut Skizze.



Bestimmen Sie

- (a) die Lagrange-funktion des System.
- (b) die Bewegungsgleichungen in allen generalisierten Koordinaten.

Koordinaten:

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= l \cos \varphi_1 \\ x_2 &= l \cos \varphi_1 + l \cos \varphi_2 \\ x_3 &= l \cos \varphi_1 + l \cos \varphi_2 + l \cos \varphi_3 \\ y_1 &= l \sin \varphi_1 \\ y_2 &= l \sin \varphi_1 + l \sin \varphi_2 \\ y_3 &= l \sin \varphi_1 + l \sin \varphi_2 + l \sin \varphi_3 \end{aligned}$$

Geschwindigkeiten:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= -l \dot{\varphi}_1 \sin \varphi_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= -l \dot{\varphi}_1 \sin \varphi_1 - l \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin \varphi_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 &= -l \dot{\varphi}_1 \sin \varphi_1 - l \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin \varphi_2 - l \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin \varphi_3 \\ \dot{y}_1 &= l \dot{\varphi}_1 \cos \varphi_1 \\ \dot{y}_2 &= l \dot{\varphi}_1 \cos \varphi_1 + l \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos \varphi_2 \\ \dot{y}_3 &= l \dot{\varphi}_1 \cos \varphi_1 + l \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos \varphi_2 + l \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos \varphi_3 \end{aligned}$$

Quadratik:

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \sin^2 \varphi_1 \\ \dot{x}_2^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \sin^2 \varphi_1 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin \varphi_1 \sin \varphi_2 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \sin^2 \varphi_2 \\ \dot{x}_3^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \sin^2 \varphi_1 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \sin^2 \varphi_2 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_3^2 \sin^2 \varphi_3 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin \varphi_1 \sin \varphi_2 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin \varphi_1 \sin \varphi_3 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin \varphi_2 \sin \varphi_3 \\ \dot{y}_1^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \cos^2 \varphi_1 \\ \dot{y}_2^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \cos^2 \varphi_1 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos \varphi_1 \cos \varphi_2 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \cos^2 \varphi_2 \\ \dot{y}_3^2 &= l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \cos^2 \varphi_1 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \cos^2 \varphi_2 + l^2 \dot{\varphi}_3^2 \cos^2 \varphi_3 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos \varphi_1 \cos \varphi_2 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos \varphi_1 \cos \varphi_3 + 2l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos \varphi_2 \cos \varphi_3 \end{aligned}$$

Energie:

$$\begin{aligned} T &= \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}_1^2 + \dot{y}_1^2 + \dot{x}_2^2 + \dot{y}_2^2 + \dot{x}_3^2 + \dot{y}_3^2) \\ &= \frac{m l^2}{2} \left[\dot{\varphi}_1^2 (3 \sin^2 \varphi_1 + 3 \cos^2 \varphi_1) + \dot{\varphi}_2^2 (2 \sin^2 \varphi_2 + 2 \cos^2 \varphi_2) + \dot{\varphi}_3^2 (\sin^2 \varphi_3 + \cos^2 \varphi_3) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 (2 \sin \varphi_1 \sin \varphi_2 + 2 \cos \varphi_1 \cos \varphi_2) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 (\sin \varphi_1 \sin \varphi_3 + \cos \varphi_1 \cos \varphi_3) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 (\sin \varphi_2 \sin \varphi_3 + \cos \varphi_2 \cos \varphi_3) \right] \\ T &= \frac{m l^2}{2} [3 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 + \dot{\varphi}_3^2 + 4 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3)] \end{aligned}$$

$$V = -mg(x_1 + x_2 + x_3) = -mg l (3 \cos \varphi_1 + 2 \cos \varphi_2 + \cos \varphi_3)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{m l^2}{2} [3 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 + \dot{\varphi}_3^2 + 4 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3)] + mg l (3 \cos \varphi_1 + 2 \cos \varphi_2 + \cos \varphi_3)$$

Bewegungsgleichungen:

$$\ddot{\varphi}_1: \quad \partial_{\dot{\varphi}_1} (\partial_{\dot{\varphi}} \mathcal{L}) - \partial_{\varphi_1} \mathcal{L} = 0$$

$$\partial_{\dot{\varphi}_1} \left[\frac{m l^2}{2} (6 \dot{\varphi}_1 + 4 \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3)) \right] - \left[\frac{m l^2}{2} (-4 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) - 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3)) \right] + mg l (-3 \sin \varphi_1) = 0$$

$$\frac{m l^2}{2} (6 \ddot{\varphi}_1 + 4 \ddot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) - 4 \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) \dot{\varphi}_1 - 4 \dot{\varphi}_2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) (-\dot{\varphi}_2) + 2 \ddot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) - 2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) \dot{\varphi}_1 - 2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) (-\dot{\varphi}_3)) + 2m l^2 \dot{\varphi}_2 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + m l^2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \dot{\varphi}_3 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + 3mg l \sin \varphi_1 = 0$$

$$3 \ddot{\varphi}_1 + 2 \ddot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + \ddot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + 2 \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + \dot{\varphi}_3^2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + \frac{3g}{l} \sin \varphi_1 = 0$$

$$\ddot{\varphi}_2: \quad \partial_{\dot{\varphi}_2} (\partial_{\dot{\varphi}} \mathcal{L}) - \partial_{\varphi_2} \mathcal{L} = 0$$

$$2 \ddot{\varphi}_2 + 2 \dot{\varphi}_1 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + \dot{\varphi}_3 \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) - 2 \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) + \dot{\varphi}_3^2 \sin(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) + \frac{2g}{l} \sin \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$\ddot{\varphi}_3: \quad \partial_{\dot{\varphi}_3} (\partial_{\dot{\varphi}} \mathcal{L}) - \partial_{\varphi_3} \mathcal{L} = 0$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_3 + \ddot{\varphi}_1 \cos(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) + \dot{\varphi}_2 \cos(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) - \dot{\varphi}_1^2 \sin(\varphi_1 - \varphi_3) - \dot{\varphi}_2^2 \sin(\varphi_2 - \varphi_3) + \frac{g}{l} \sin \varphi_3 = 0$$